

SKIER'S CODE OF CONDUCT (ANNEX 2 OF THE IMPLEMENTING DECREE OF THE MINISTRY OF INFRASTRUCTURE AND TRANSPORT 20.12.2005)

Rules of behaviour that must be observed by users of ski slopes also in order to avoid civil and criminal consequences.

- 1. **Respect for others:** every skier must behave in such a way as not to endanger other people or cause damage.
- 2. **Control of speed and behaviour:** every skier must maintain a speed and behaviour appropriate to their ability as well as to the general conditions of the slope, a clear view, weather and intensity of traffic.
- 3. **Choice of direction:** the skier uphill who has the choice of direction must maintain a direction that avoids the risk of collision with the skier downhill.
- 4. **Overtaking:** overtaking may be carried out (with sufficient space and visibility), either uphill or downhill, on the right or on the left, but always at such a distance as to avoid blocking the path of the skier being overtaken.
- 5. **Entering and crossing:** a skier entering a piste or starting again after a stop must ensure that they can do so without danger to themselves or others; at a crossing they must give way to those coming from the right or in accordance with directions.
- 6. **Stopping:** skiers must avoid stopping, except when necessary, in compulsory passages or where visibility is poor. Stopping must take place at the edge of the slope. In the event of a fall, the skier must clear the slope as quickly as possible.
- 7. **Ascent:** in cases of urgent necessity, skiers ascending or descending the slope on foot must do so only at the edge of the slope.
- 8. **Respect for signs:** all skiers must respect the signs provided for ski slopes and particularly the helmet requirement.
- 9. **Rescue:** everyone must provide help in the event of an accident.
- 10. **Identification:** anyone who is involved in or witnesses an accident is obliged to give their personal details to the rescue services.